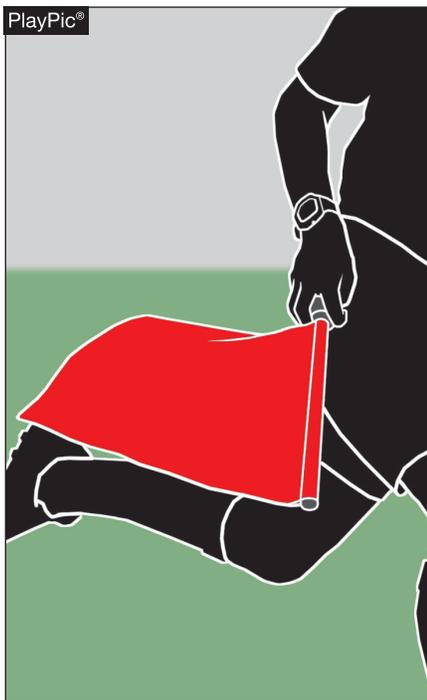


OFFICIALS QUIZ 2015

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In question number 9 the assistant referee should hold the flag in the manner as shown in the PlayPic above. Doing so allows greater ability to change between hands.

In each of the following, you are given a situation and at least two possible answers. You are to decide which answer or answers are correct for FIFA, NFHS or NCAA rules, which might vary. Solutions are below.

NOTE: As this quiz is “going to press” the new rulebooks have not yet been printed and distributed. Thus, some of the NCAA Approved Rulings or NFHS Play Situations may have different numbers than appeared in last year’s rulebooks. *Referee* will guide you to the rule and let you know that it will appear as a

Play Ruling/Approved Ruling, but the number might be different in the new rulebooks. The citations presented here are current as of May 2015. The material will be updated on the web page as it becomes available.

1. When is the referee required to blow the whistle to start or restart play?
 - a. At the taking of a penalty kick.
 - b. After a caution or send-off (disqualification, ejection).
 - c. After setting a wall prior to a free kick.
 - d. All of the above.
2. B3, a player other than the goalkeeper, deliberately handles the ball to prevent it from going into the goal. The ball enters the goal.
 - a. No goal. Penalty kick.
 - b. Valid goal, based on the advantage clause.
 - c. B3 should be shown the yellow card.
 - d. B3 should be shown the red card.
3. In the final minutes, with team A winning, 2-1, goalkeeper A1 holds the ball for an extended period.
 - a. No infraction; keep playing.
 - b. While not required, many referees will shout a warning to the goalkeeper.
 - c. At the six-second point, there is an infraction. The referee should award an indirect free kick to team B.
 - d. At the six-second point, there is an infraction. The referee should award a penalty kick to team B.
4. When does the referee’s jurisdiction end?
 - a. It ends when he or she has left the area of the field after the game has been completed.
 - b. It ends with him or her leaving the field of play and its immediate surroundings.
 - c. The referee retains clerical authority through the completion of any reports, including those imposing disqualifications.
 - d. It ends when the officials leave the site of the competition (the field, locker rooms, parking areas and the surroundings generally associated with athletics facilities).
5. Goalkeeper B1 takes a goalkick. The kick goes to B8, who is both on the opponent’s half of the field and clearly in an offside position by five yards. B8 dribbles, shoots and scores. What is the result?
 - a. It is not a goal. Restart from where B8 was offside.
 - b. It is not a goal. Restart from where B8 took the shot.
 - c. It is a goal. Players who receive a ball directly from a goalkick cannot be guilty of an offside offense.
6. A9 was shown a yellow card during the first half. Now, with 20 minutes remaining, A9 commits a foul worthy of a yellow card. What are the mechanics and results of that second yellow card?
 - a. Simultaneously display a red and yellow card in the same hand.
 - b. First display a yellow card, lower it, then display a red card.
 - c. A9 must leave the field, but A13 may replace A9 and the team plays at full strength.
 - d. A9 must leave the field and team A will play one player short the remainder of the game.

Soccer Officials Quiz 2015

7. Defender B2 comes in with a nasty two-footed tackle, but A10 jumps to one side and falls down. B2 never touches A10 but gets the penalty kick call.
- That is the correct call; attempting to kick is a foul just like kicking.
 - The referee should have whistled an indirect free kick for playing in a dangerous manner.
 - A10 should be shown the yellow card for simulation.
8. Team B is awarded a free kick about 25 yards from its own goal. B6 kicks the ball toward the goalkeeper, B1. The ball enters team B's goal untouched.
- Retake the free kick.
 - Award team B a goalkick.
 - Award team A a corner kick.
9. Assistant referees are given specific responsibility to:
- Signal when the ball has left the field and identify the team gaining possession.
 - Signal for an offside infraction.
 - Signal for a foul occurring outside the referee's vision.
 - All of the above.
 - Both a and c above.
10. What constitutes goalkeeper possession?
- Bouncing the ball and retaking possession after the bounce.
 - Dropping the ball for a kick (punt or half volley).
 - Tossing the ball in the air to recatch.
 - When the goalkeeper releases the ball by putting the ball on the ground.
11. B2 is injured and must leave the field. Team B has no available substitutes. Two minutes later, B2 is ready to enter the game and reports to the scorer's table, fourth official or assistant referee.
- B2 may enter the game during play across any boundary line.
 - B2 may enter the game during play across the touchline.
 - B2 may enter at the next dead ball.
12. A4 takes a throw-in and the ball goes directly into team B's net. What is the proper restart?
- Valid goal; kickoff for team B.
 - Corner kick by team A.
 - Goalkick by team B.
 - Team A retakes the throw-in.
13. While running next to B5, A6 simulates being pushed by B5 and falls awkwardly to the ground with a scream.
- If there is an advantage situation, the referee may allow play to continue. Award an indirect free kick to team B, if the advantage does not materialize.
 - Award an indirect free kick to team A, if play is stopped.
 - Award a direct free kick to team B, if play is stopped.
 - Display a misconduct card to A6, whether play is stopped immediately or at the next stoppage.
14. When may a substitute enter the field without being beckoned by the referee?
- A substitute may never enter the field until the referee beckons him or her onto the field, except at the halftime period or interval between the end of regulation and the start of overtime.
 - After a valid goal is scored by either team.
 - When a player is injured and removed from the field.
 - At the start of a playing period.
15. B3 trips A8 in the penalty area. A penalty kick is awarded. The kick is properly set up and the referee blows the whistle to allow the kick. There is an unusual situation that causes a temporary suspension (the ball hits a stray dog on its way to the goal).
- The penalty kick is retaken.
 - The penalty kick is not retaken. It is a direct free kick for team A.
 - The penalty kick is not retaken. It is a direct free kick for team B.
 - The penalty kick is not retaken. It is a drop ball.
16. Goalkeeper A1 punts the ball into the back of teammate A6, who was standing in the penalty area when struck. The ball rises high into the air and A1 catches the ball to punt it again.
- There is no infraction.
 - At the very youngest age groups, do not penalize that trivial infraction.
 - That is an infraction; award team B an indirect free kick from where A1 catches the ball, unless it is inside the goal area.
 - That is an infraction; award team B a direct free kick (penalty kick).
17. A8 scores a goal to put team A up, 2-1. Immediately after scoring, A8 runs near the opponent's fans, gets down on all fours and "sniffs" the touchline.
- There is no infraction; continue with the kickoff.
 - A8 is guilty of unsporting behavior; display a yellow card and restart with a kickoff.
 - A8 is guilty of taunting; display a red card, team A will play a player short and restart with a kickoff.
18. A9 takes a shot on goal. The shot rebounds off the referee and goes over the goalline outside the goal. How does play restart?
- A dropped ball because the ball struck the referee.
 - A corner kick so team A gets another chance to score.
 - A goalkick because an attacker was the last player to touch the ball.
19. The referee observes goalkeeper A1 moving laterally along the goalline during a penalty kick. B7 takes the shot and A1 makes a save.
- Award a goal to team B.
 - Retake the penalty kick.
 - Award team B a corner kick.
 - Play continues; there is no infraction.

20. A7 is cautioned by the referee.
What should happen to A7?
- a. A7 does not have to leave the field.
 - b. A7 must leave the field and A14 must replace A7.
 - c. A7 must leave the field and A14 may replace A7**
 - d. A7 must leave the field and team A may play short.

QUIZ ANSWERS

1 — All — d (FIFA 5; NFHS 9-1-3; NCAA 6.3.5, 13.2)

2 — All — b, c (FIFA 12, *Advice to Referees* 12.40 Diagram 7; NFHS 12-8-1f 13; NCAA 12.5.5)

3 — All — b, c (FIFA 12, *Advice to Referees* 12.18; NFHS 12-7-1; NCAA 12.10.1)

4 — FIFA — a (5, *Advice to Referees* 5.3); NFHS — b, c (5-1-2); NCAA — d (5.4.1, 6.4.3)

5 — All — c (FIFA 11; NFHS 11-1-2; NCAA 11.3.2)

6 — All — b, d (FIFA 12; NFHS 12-8-2c; NCAA 12.3.8)

7 — All — a (FIFA 12; NFHS 12-1-1, 12-1-2; NCAA 12.2.2)

8 — All — c (FIFA 13, 17; NFHS 17-1-5 Exception; NCAA AR 13.1.2.a)

9 — All — d (FIFA 6; NFHS Diagonal System of Control, Assistant Referee Signals; NCAA 6.1.1, 6.1.2, 6.1.5)

10 — All — a, b, c (FIFA 12, *Advice to Referees* 12.16, 12.17; NFHS 12-4-3; NCAA 12.9.2.1, 12.9.2.2)

11 — FIFA — b, c (3, *Advice to Referees* 5.9); NFHS, NCAA — c (NFHS 3-3-6; NCAA AR 3.4.9.a)

12 — All — c (FIFA 15, 16; NFHS 10-1-3b, 16-1-1; NCAA 15.2, 16.1)

13 — All — a, d (FIFA 5, 12; NFHS 3-3-1d, 5-3-1d, 12-8-1f 9; NCAA 5.4.3, 12.5.5)

14 — FIFA, NCAA — a (FIFA 4, NCAA 3.6.1, AR 3.6.1.a, AR 3.6.1.c, AR 3.6.1.d); NFHS — d (3-3-1, 3-4-1b)

15 — All — a (FIFA 14; NFHS 14-7; NCAA 14.3)

16 — FIFA — a (12, *Advice to Referees* 12.19); NFHS, NCAA — c (NFHS 12-7-2; NCAA 12.10.2.2)

17 — FIFA, NCAA — b (FIFA 12, *Advice to Referees* 12.28.1; NCAA 12.5.5); NFHS — c (12-8-2b)

18 — All — c (FIFA 16; NFHS 16-1-1; NCAA 16.1)

19 — All — d (FIFA 14; NFHS 14-1-3; NCAA 14.2)

20 — FIFA, NCAA — a (FIFA 12, NCAA 12.5); NFHS — c, d (12-8-1 Pen.)